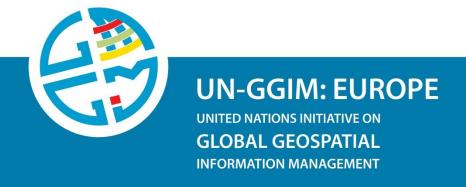
EFGS - 20 October 2020

Comparison between core and high value data Potential impact on GSGF

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Context





Overview

UN-GGIM
UNITED NATIONS INITIATIVE ON
GLOBAL GEOSPATIAL
INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

	Core data	High Value Datasets
Key purpose	Priority data for SDG	Data in scope of the Open Data Directive – article 14
Actors	UN-GGIM: Europe Regional Committee Working Group A	European Union Impact Assessment Study: Cabinet Deloitte
Objective	Recommendations for content	Content description & recommendations for publication as open data (Impact Assessment Study)
Scope	Geographic data	Data on 6 categories

Geospatial

Earth observation and environment

Meteorological

Statistics

Companies and company ownership

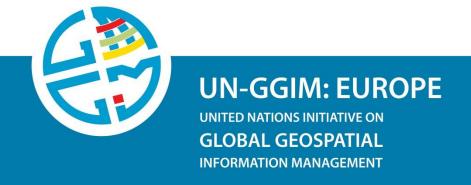
Mobility

Selection criteria

High value data criteria	Core data						
Generate significant socio- economic or environmental benefits	Core data is priority data to analyse, achieve or monitor SDG						
and innovative services	Generating innovative services is not a core data target (but it may contribute)						
Benefit a high number of users	Core data should in general be accessible to everyone						
In particular SMEs	Main target is public bodies but SME may also benefit from core data						
Assist in generation revenues	Generating revenues is not core data target						
Be combined with other datasets	Combined with other datasets, core geographic data offers wide range of applications: background map, geocoding, indicator computation,						



General comparison





Comparison exercise

- Source documents:
 - For High Value Datasets, impact assessment study and presentations by Cabinet Deloitte (PPT)
 - Webinar on 28/07/2020

Review phase by Member States

- Webinar on 04/09/2020
- For core data, UN-GGIM: Europe Working Group A deliverables
 - Selection of core themes
 - Recommendation of content for each selected theme



Comparison results (methodology)

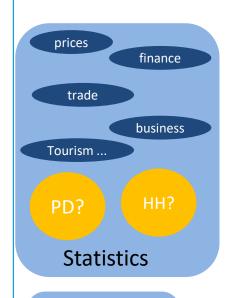
	Core data	HVD impact assessment study
Rationale for choice	Rationale for choice was investigated and published	Rationale for choice not exposed
INSPIRE influence	Strong (preliminary list of potential themes, use of INSPIRE terminology)	Weaker (other themes, terminology not always consistent)
Priorities	2 levels: - Core recommendations - Good practices	2 levels: - Lower intensity intervention - Higher intensity intervention
	=> step-wise implementation	=> option to be chosen for regulation



Comparison exercise (theme selection)

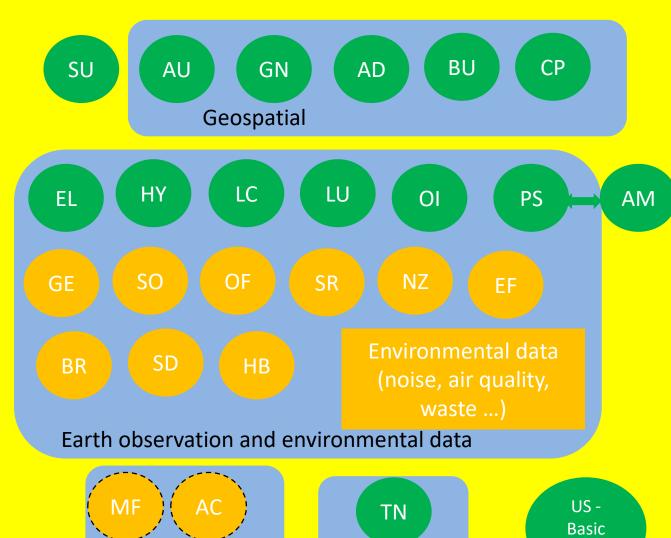
Meteorological

INSPIRE



Companies





Mobility

8

services

Analysis of selected HVD themes by the impact study

- Comparison with UN-GGIM Europe core data
 - HVD has wider scope => more themes
 - Most of core data themes are considered as HVD
 - Only 2 missing themes in HVD
 - Statistical Units (but some overlap with administrative units)
 - Basic services
 - Difficult to evaluate HVD selection as rationale is not exposed in the impact assessment study

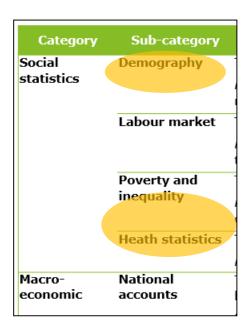


Analysis of selected HVD themes by the impact study

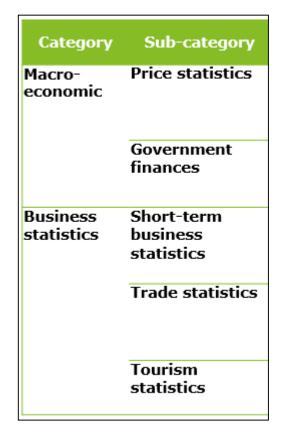
- Comparison with INSPIRE
 - Themes missing in HVD
 - Facilities: governmental (US), agriculture (AF), industrial (PF)
 - Resources: mineral (MR), energy (ER)
 - Area Management (AM)
 - Additional themes in HVD
 - Economic statistics
 - Companies



Zoom on Statistics category



ESS data sets (already freely available)



INSPIRE theme SU not included in HVD

List of HVD datasets



Unclear status of ESS data sets: in or out HVD?

Comparison exercise (priorities for EO data)

Earth observation	Environmental data	
Hydrography (I)	Air quality (prio)	Protected sites (I)
Land parcels (I), cover (II), use (III)	Biodiversity (prio)	Bio-geographical regions (III)
Elevation (II)	Emissions (prio)	Environmental monitoring facilities (III)
Geology (II)	Nature preservation (prio)	Habitats/Biotopes (III)
Ortho-imagery (II)	Noise (prio)	Natural Hazards (III)
Oceanography (III)	Waste (prio)	Soil (III)
Sea Regions (III)	Water (prio)	Species distribution (III)

First HVD priority is on specific data for environmental reporting whereas core data focus on basic data (INSPIRE themes) required by a wide range of use cases.



Comparison exercise (priorities for mobility)

Mobility

Lower intensity intervention – Datasets in scope (in addition to inland waterways)



INSPIRE features under the Transport Networks data theme, including:

0	Common		Road		Rail		Water				Air		Cableways		
	Access Restriction	•	E-Road		Design Speed		Beacon	•	Traffic Separation	4	Aerodrome Area		Field Elevation		Cableway Link
-	Condition Of Facility		Form Of Way		Nominal Track Gauge		Buoy		Scheme Crossing		Aerodrome Category		Instrument Approach		Cableway Link
-	Maintenance Authority	•	Functional Road	•	Number Of Tracks		CEMT Class		Traffic Separation		Aerodrome Node		Procedure		Sequence
-	Marker Post		Class	•	Railway Area		Condition Of Water		Scheme Lane	-	Aerodrome Type	•	Lower Altitude Limit	٠	Cableway Link
-	Owner Authority	٠	Number Of Lanes	•	Railway Electrification		Facility	٠	Traffic Separation	-	Air Link	•	Navaid		Set
-	Restriction For	٠	Road	•	Railway Line		Fairway Area		Scheme	-	Air Link Sequence	٠	Procedure Link	٠	Cableway
	Vehicles	٠	Road Area	٠	Railway Link	ŀ	Ferry Crossing	•	Traffic Separation	-	Air Node	٠	Runway Area		Node
-	Traffic Flow Direction	•	Road Link	٠	Railway Link	ŀ	Ferry Use		Scheme		Air Route	٠	Runway Centreline Point		
-	Transport Area	•	Road Link Sequence		Sequence	ŀ	Inland Waterway		Separator	-	Air Route Link	٠	Standard Instrument Arrival		
-	Transport Link	•	Road Name	•	Railway Node	·	Marine Waterway	•	Water Link	•	Airspace Area	٠	Standard Instrument		
-	Transport Link	٠	Road Node	٠	Railway Station Area	ŀ	Port Area		Sequence	-	Apron Area		Departure		
	Sequence	•	Road Service Area	٠	Railway Station Code	·	Port Node	•	Water Node		Condition Of Air	٠	Surface Composition		
-	Transport Link Set	•	Road Service Type	٠	Railway Station Node	٠	Restriction For Water	٠	Water Traffic Flow		Facility	٠	Taxiway Area		
-	Transport Network	•	Road Surface	٠	Railway Type		Vehicles		Direction	•	Designated Point	٠	Touch Down Lift Off Area		
-	Transport Node		Category	•	Railway Use		Traffic Separation	•	Waterway		Element Length	•	Upper Altitude Limit		
-	Transport Object	٠	Road Width	٠	Railway Yard Area		Scheme	٠	Waterway Link	•	Element Width	٠	Use Restriction		
-	Transport Point	•	Roundabout	٠	Railway Yard Node	ŀ	Traffic Separation	•	Waterway Node						
-	Transport Property	•	Speed Limit				Scheme Area								
-	Vertical Position	•	Vehicle Traffic Area							J					



First HVD priority is on <u>water transport network</u> whereas core data includes rich information on <u>road transport</u> and more basic one on railway, water and air transport

Potential impact on GSGF





Levels impacted by HVD

Accessible & Usable

Interoperable data & metadata standards

Common geographies for dissemination of statistics

Geocoded unit record data in a data management environment

Use of fundamental geospatial infrastructure and geocoding



Common geographies for statistics production

Administrative units	Place Names	Addresses	Buildings	Cadastral parcels						
CC-BY 4.0										
GeoPackage; GeoJSON; INSPIRE requirements.	GeoPackage; CSV; GeoJSON; INSPIRE requirements.	GeoPackage; CSV; GeoJSON; INSPIRE requirements.	GeoPackage; GeoJSON; INSPIRE requirements.	GeoPackage; GeoJSON; INSPIRE requirements.						
Mandatory										
Bulk download; INSPIRE distribution services; RestAPI (e.g. OGC API, ArcGIS RestAPI, Co	arto API).			Read-only mode (WMS service defined by INSPIRE).						
INSPIRE										
INSPIRE; GeoDCAT-AP.										
National Geodata Catalog and/or open data	National Geodata Catalog and/or open data catalog									
Annual update	When necessary	When necessary	When necessary	When necessary						
From municipalities to countries; sea-frontiers.	National coverage.	Partial National coverage (e.g. most populated cities).	Partial National Coverage (e.g. most populated cities); Level of scale 1:5000.	National coverage; Level of scale 1:5000.						
National identification code; identification code of the upper administrative level; official name; country code; name in multiple languages (only for countries with more than one official language); category; latitude and longitude (INSPIRE)		Latitude and longitude; house number; suffix of the number; name of the street; name of the municipality; national identification code of the municipality; last update.	Footprint of the building; entrances; floors; type of use.	Geometry of cadastral parcels; type of particle; particle code; references to the administrative area to which the particle belongs.						

The expected themes for fundamental geospatial infrastructure are present in HVD





Common geographies for statistics production

- HVD (as proposed by the impact study) has some discrepancies with UNGGIM Europe core data
 - INSPIRE terminology not always used in HVD
 - "Type of particle" (CP)
 - => expected content is not defined
 - Less ambition on geographic coverage (themes AD, BU)
 - Some differences in key attributes (mainly AD)

Common geographies for dissemination of statistics

- UN-GGIM Europe Core Data recommends
 - Grids
 - Administrative based units (NUTS- LAU)

Missing topic in HVD study

- Urban statistical units
- Enumeration districts
- Theme "Statistical Units" is not included in HVD impact study
 - Except implicitly administrative based units



Conclusions





Conclusions

- Core Data and HVD
 - Different contexts and objectives
 - Common principle for selection: wide use
- Some different points of view on "EO" and "Mobility"
 - HVD impact study: candidate priority HVD is addressing dedicated data (e.g. to reporting for European Directives, to Water Transport)
 - Maybe not in-line with the selection criteria of the Open Data
 Directive (e.g. benefit a high number of users)
 - Driven more by feasibility than by user requirements?

Conclusion

- Most of UNGGIM core data is considered as high value data by the HVD impact study
- Requirements of statistical community
 - Themes necessary for the first level of GSGF are included in HVD selection by the impact study (CP, BU, AD)
 - HVD choices by the impact study on "Statistics" category would need to be clarified
- To be properly established, HVD selection would require
 - Providing rationale for selection
 - More thoroughly investigating existing material
 - · relevant stakeholders e.g. statistical community, UN-GGIM: Europe core data

