

#### Norway's most threatened fields

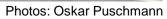
Potential need of farmland conservation areas due to risk of development

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#### Agriculture in Norway

> Farmland only ca. 3% ca. 1,000,000 ha

- > Annual loss ca. 1,000 ha
- > ... but also gain
- > «On the move»

> Political goal of reducing the annual farmland loss



#### Agriculture in Norway

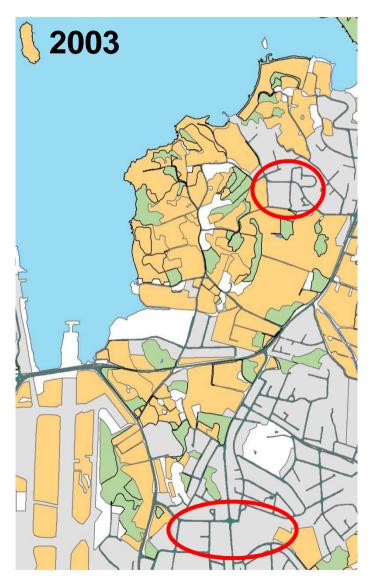
- > Importance of soil resources:
  - > Low self-sufficiency (ca. 50%)
  - > Limited compensation capacity (ca.1,200,000 ha)
  - > Soil quality
- > Much farmland close to built-up areas



### Soil sealing in Sola



Fertility map 1:20,000 (BK20)



Land resource map 1:5,000, generalised (AR5)

c.500 m

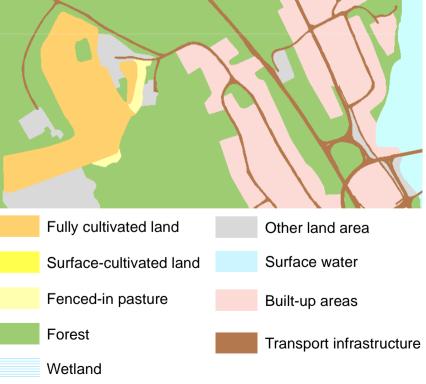




#### Method: Data

> Land resource map 1:5000 (AR5, Norwegian Forest and Landscape Institute)



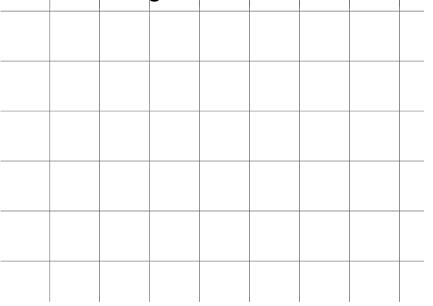


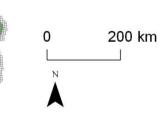


> Grid of 5 km x 5 km cells

(SSBgrid, Statistics Norway)

> Registered number of inhabitants per cell

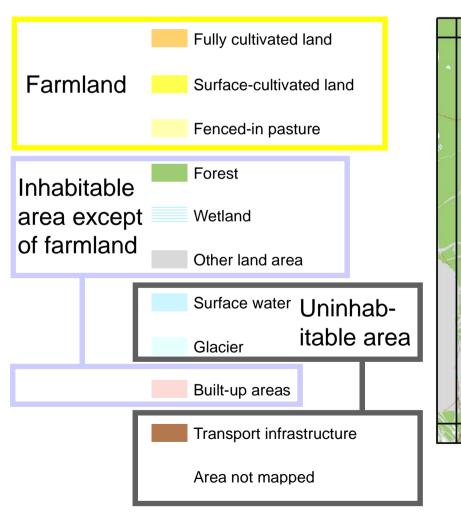


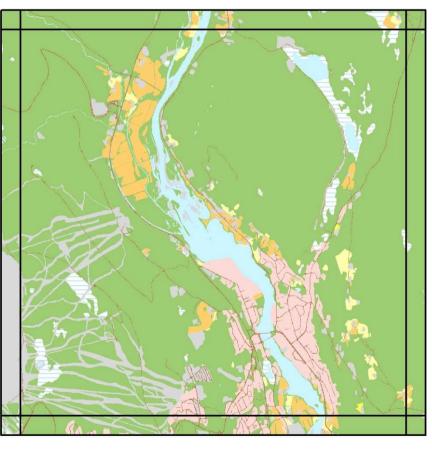


#### Method: Re-classification of map data

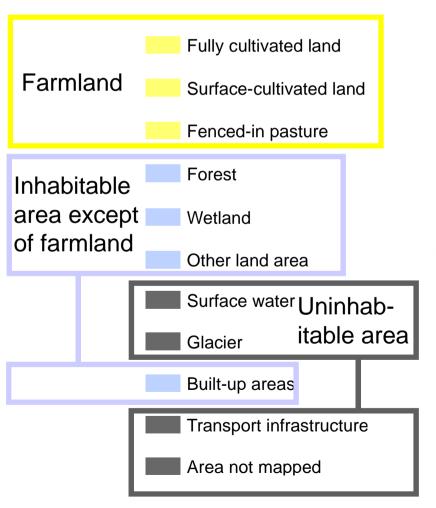
- > The 11 land use categories were re-classified into three new categories:
  - > Farmland
  - > Inhabitable area except of farmland
  - > Uninhabitable area

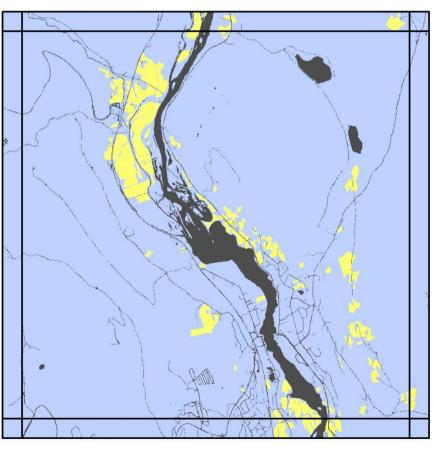
#### Method: Map data before re-classification





#### Method: Map data after re-classification





### Method: Parameters for calculation of pressure on farmland

> For each grid cell (5 km x 5 km), the total area of each new category was summarized

 $> a_i$ : Farmland

> a<sub>b</sub>: Inhabitable area

> a<sub>u</sub>: Uninhabitable area

#### > In addition

> P: Number of inhabitants per cell

>  $A_t$ : Total area per cell (25 km<sup>2</sup>)

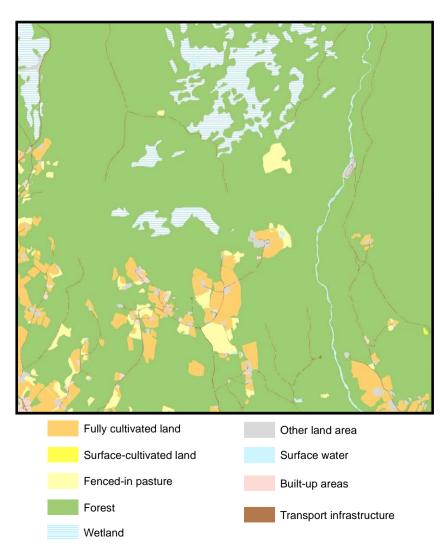
Method: Calculation of pressure on farmland

> Risk of development ≈ pressure on farmland

$$\frac{P}{a_b} = \frac{P}{(A_t - (a_u + a_j))}$$

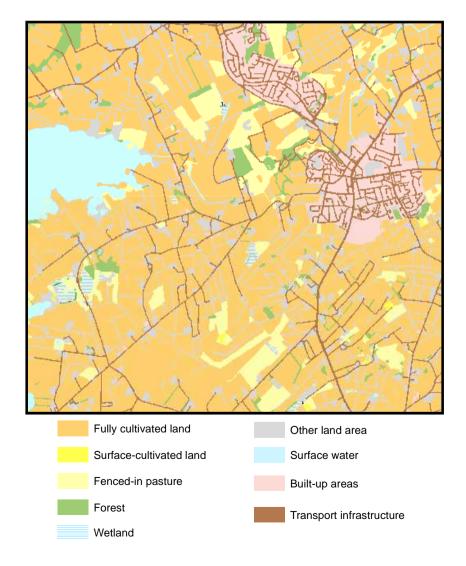
# Results: Cell with low development pressure on farmland

- > Not much farmland: 0.2 km<sup>2</sup> (out of 25 km<sup>2</sup>)
- > Few inhabitants registered: 340
- > Much inhabitable area except of farmland: 22.4 km<sup>2</sup>
- > Low number of inhabitants per km² inhabitable area except of farmland: 15



# Results: Cell with high development pressure on farmland

- > Much farmland: 18.3 km<sup>2</sup> (out of 25 km<sup>2</sup>)
- > Many inhabitants registered: 7475
- > Not much inhabitable area except of farmland: 4.8 km<sup>2</sup>
- > High number of inhabitants per km² inhabitable area except of farmland: **1543**

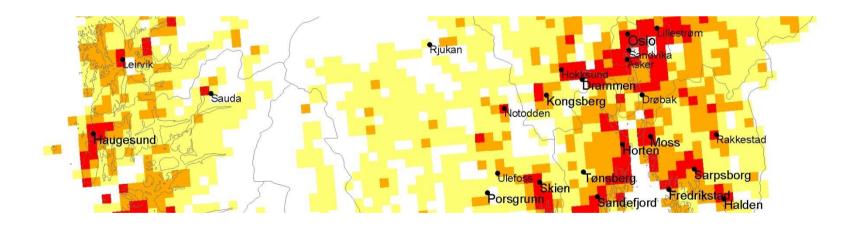


# Results: Pressure on agricultural land

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Low (<20 inhabitants registered per km² inhabitable area except of farmland)

Medium (20-200 " )

High (>200 " )
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> Potential need of farmland conservation areas?

